MUNICIPAL YEAR 2019/2020 REPORT NO. 2019/20

MEETING TITLE AND DATE:	Agenda – Part: 1	Item:
	Subject: Payments Programme – Counter Service / face to face payment options and	
REPORT OF:	Direct Award of Contract to PayPoint Wards: All wards	
Executive Director of Resources		
	Key Decision No: KD4956	
	Cabinet Member consulted: Cllr Maguire	

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1.1 To provide customers with a cost effective, customer friendly, convenient and trusted 'face to face' payment facility.
- 1.2 Following the Councils Procurement Rules agree to the direct award of a contract to PayPoint under the terms of the PFH Framework

2. RECOMMENDATIONS

- 2.1 This report recommends the direct award of the, over the counter bill payment service and the cash out service to PayPoint, under the terms of the PFH Framework.
- 2.2 The closing of the Council's current cashiers counter and decommissioning of the 3 auto pay kiosks located at the Civic Centre and Edmonton Centre.
- 2.3 To agree all associated costs in relation to the implementation of the PayPoint counter service and cash out service as set out in this document and detailed in Part 2 report.
- 2.4 To agree ICT resource costs to complete Phase 1 Capita AIM infrastructure work as set out in Part 2 report.

3. BACKGROUND

- 3.1 The Payments Programme was set up to review the way customers pay the Council, uncover the associated costs of each payment option and consider the implementation of more cost effective and customer friendly payment alternatives.
- 3.2 The following payment principles were agreed in terms of future customer payment options:
 - Positive customer experience
 - Cost effectiveness
 - Optimisation of income collection
 - Compliance

The following design principles were also agreed:

- Payment up front
- Right first time
- Consistency and standardised payment methods
- Making it easier to pay in line with customer needs
- Streamlining payment processes
- Maximising automation
- Segmenting, targeting and understanding our customers and their payment preferences
- 3.3 In order to achieve the payment principles, Phase 1 of the Payments Programme focused not only on Payment Card Industry compliance but on the payment infrastructure which provides the platform to deliver tangible savings and service improvements in relation to the payments process and subsequent 'Phase 2' activity.
- 3.4 Phase 2 activity included the review of payment options offered to customers and identifying the cost in providing those options. Work also took place to identify services that where delivered to customers before payment was received as well as uncovering opportunities to utilise modern technology, replacing antiquated expensive paper-based processes.

3.5 Current Payment Options

- 3.5.1 There are currently numerous different ways to make a payment to the Council. Payment options and the services that can be paid for using these options are documented in **Appendix 2(a)** attached to the Part 2 Report. The table shows inconsistency across services which leads to customer confusion.
- 3.5.2 **Appendix 2(a)** also shows that the Civic Centre cashiers counter Service is the only location where customers can make a 'face to face' payment using their preferred payment method as it accepts cash and cards.

- 3.5.3 The Cashiers 'face to face' payment option is the most expensive and is not convenient for customers as it is based at one single location in the borough and opening times are restricted to 10am to 2pm, working days only.
- 3.5.4 Refer to Part 2 Report for additional information under this section.

Appendix 2(a) also shows that customers can currently make payments at Post Offices and Pay Zones however these are restricted to only accepting housing rent payments. **Appendix 2(b)** attached to the Part 2 Report shows the location of Post Offices and Pay Zones across the Borough. Whilst consideration was given to closing these payment channels, customers will not be prevented from paying their bills using these sites in the short term. The Council will however monitor the use of this channel.

- 3.5.5 Customers can also make payments at auto pay kiosks however these are only located at two places in the Borough; Edmonton and the Civic Centre. The kiosks are only able to accept payment for certain services and the kiosk located at Edmonton Centre does not accept cash. The kiosks can be unreliable and require support should they breakdown. **Appendix 2(b)** shows the location of the kiosks in the Borough.
- 3.5.6 Refer to Part 2 report for additional information under this section.

The cost of each payment option per transaction is shown in **Appendix 2(c)** attached to the Part 2 report.

- 3.5.7 **Appendix 2(d)** attached to the Part 2 report shows that the customers preferred payment option is DD with 54.67% of all payment transactions being received via this payment method between the period April 2018 March 2019. **Appendix 2(d)** also clearly shows during this period that customers prefer to use electronic payment methods, as 84.6% of all payment transactions were received via web based or electronic payment methods.
- 3.5.8 Refer to Part 2 report for additional information under this section.

Appendix **2(d)** does however show that some of our customers prefer to use 'face to face' payment options. 8.88% of all payment transactions are taken at the Civic Centre cashiers counter, Post Offices or via Pay Zones across the borough.

- 3.5.9 In order to understand how and why our customers choose their preferred payment method, the Council conducted a 6-week customer consultation. The consultation of 317 random customers uncovered that:
 - 1 in 5 like to use cash

- 36% would not consider paying their bills on line
- 25% would not be willing to set up a DD to pay the Council
- 65% would not like to pay their bills in a Post Office

Various reasons, for the responses above where given: 'don't trust computers', 'not confident online', 'long queues at the Post Office', 'Do not trust the Council to take the right amount', 'don't always have enough money in the bank'.

- 3.5.10 Whilst it is an achievement that 84.6% of the Council's payments are received via cost effective electronic payment methods, it cannot be overlooked that 4% (over 58,000 per annum) of payments received are via significantly more expensive and customer restrictive methods such as the cashiers counter (card & cash) & auto pay kiosk (cash payments)
- 3.5.11 Refer to Part 2 report for additional information under this section.

There thus remains a customer demand to provide a 'face to face' service where customers can pay either by cash or card. Cash handling, maintaining auto pay kiosks and staffing the cashiers counter is expensive, as shown in Appendix (c) and not without risk.

3.6 PayPoint

- 3.6.1 PayPoint is a cost effective, customer friendly, convenient and trusted 'face to face' payment option. This report recommends that the Council closes the current cashiers counter and decommissions the 3 auto pay kiosks replacing these expensive and restrictive payment options with PayPoint.
- 3.6.2 PayPoint have over 29,000 outlets throughout the UK which is more branches than banks, supermarkets and post offices put together. In urban areas, 99.3% of the UK population live within one mile of a PayPoint retailer.
- 3.6.3 There are 115 PayPoint locations in the borough **Appendix 2(e)** attached to the Part 2 report shows where these are located. PayPoint outlets range from small news agents and corner shops to Tesco and the Co-op.
- 3.6.4 Many of the boroughs residents already use PayPoint outlets to make regular bill payments; energy, water, phones, TV licence etc and to collect and send parcels. Over £2m per month is already collected by PayPoint from Enfield residents.
- 3.6.5 For payment via PayPoint, a customer presents their barcoded bill or payment card to the retailer whom scans the barcode in a similar way to our customers paying their Housing Rents using the Post Office and

Pay Zone. The customer is issued with a receipt. The maximum that can be paid for in one transaction is £300 (cash or card). It is to the discretion of the retailer if multiple transactions can be taken to pay for a bill larger than this amount. 92% of transactions made by our customers at the cashier's counter or at a kiosk was for less than £300.

PayPoint polls the terminals overnight and will issue the Council with a transaction file the following day, listing the transactions made. PayPoint then debits the retailer and settles the money to the Council's bank account either 4 or 7 days after the transaction, depending on the Council's preferred settlement period.

- 3.6.6 Some preparation work is underway to analyse the types of payments taken at the cashier counter. This is so we capture all letters and documentation that is sent to customers and ensure there is consistency around what payments options are provided to them, including a small percentage of services where payment at a PayPoint will not be possible.
- 3.6.7 The Cashiers team will continue to accept and process cheques via the post and cheques received from internal departments.
- 3.6.8 PayPoint also provides facilities to pay cash out to our service users via a paper voucher, email or SMS to a client's mobile (cash out service) This is currently done in the Council via a pre-paid card which is much more expensive. Using PayPoint will also benefit those in a crisis or in an emergency, as cash can be provided instantly and cheaply.
- 3.6.9 The Council does not wish to move customers from the cheapest electronic payment methods like DD and bank to bank payments to more expensive 'face to face' options. Communication of the new PayPoint service will be targeted to those customers who current pay their bills at the Civic Centre or via an auto pay kiosk. A detailed communications plan will be created and will include informing those residents of their nearest PayPoint location.

4. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

4.1 Continue to offer a cashier's counter service and autopay kiosks located at the Civic Centre and an autopay kiosk at Edmonton Green Library. These payment options are extremely expensive compared to PayPoint. PayPoint provides our customers with flexibility, convenience and choice. Residents can pay their bills up to 24 hours a day, in many cases using their preferred payment method (cash or card) at 115 locations in the Borough and 29,000 locations across the UK. If the Council continues to offer the current services, savings will not be achieved, and residents will not be provided with a better service.

4.2 The CCS GCloud10 framework and PFH framework has uncovered 2 other companies who provide a payment service: Capita and Allpay. Both companies allow customers to make payments via PayPoint outlets however costs per transaction are higher than those charged directly by PayPoint.

5. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 **Supporting small businesses in Enfield**

The use of PayPoint will increase footfall in town centres and in small & local retailers as customers will use these outlets across the borough to pay their bills. This also supports one of the main Council priorities - Build our local economy to create a thriving place.

5.2 **Convenient for our customers**

There are 115 PayPoint outlets located across the entire borough. Many are open 7 days a week 6am – 11pm and some for 24 hours. Residents can make payments at their convenience without being restricted to business hours. Many of our residents already use PayPoint to pay their TV licence and energy bills. They know and trust the retailer. Extending the use of PayPoint to pay for council related bills like Council Tax will be even more convenient for our residents.

5.3 Various payment options.

Customers can pay by cash at all 115 PayPoint outlets. Currently cash is only accepted at the Civic Centre. It is at the discretion of the PayPoint retailer whether they can also accept card. A sample of 50 of these retailers showed that 52% of these currently also accept payment by card.

5.4 Efficient payment processing.

PayPoint accept barcoded bills and payment cards, so payments made will be accurately recorded and posted to accounts.

5.5 **Supporting our residents.**

Appendix 2(e) shows the location of PayPoint outlets in the borough. **Appendix 2(f)** attached to the Part 2 report shows areas of deprivation. These maps show that there is a greater number of PayPoint locations in the most deprived parts of Enfield. Having greater payment locations within this eastern corridor of the borough supports further those residents that do not have a regular income to pay via a local outlet instead of having to travel into the Civic Centre to pay if they cannot use electronic payment channels.

5.5.1 Analysis carried out by the Local Government Association indicates that Edmonton Green is the most deprived of the 21 wards in Enfield. In addition, it is within the 10% most deprived wards in both London and England. Upper Edmonton is the 2nd most deprived. Edmonton has the lowest average (median) household income in Enfield. The proportion of households with an income of less than £15,000 was put at 36.3% (Edmonton Green) 28.5% (Upper Edmonton) compared to a Borough average of 19.5%. In August 2016 the number of people living in Edmonton Green claiming the key out of work benefits was 21.5% of the estimated working age population. This compared to a Borough average of 12.8%.

- 5.5.2 It could be argued that without convenient payment locations and methods of payment, income is more challenging to collect from these residents and service users.
- 5.5.3 The Council must ensure that it maximises income and thus must provide cost effective payment options that reflect the demand of its customers. It must however ensure that support is provided to customers living in areas of deprivation.
- 5.6 Refer to Part 2 report for additional information under this section.

Payments Out.

PayPoint provides the facility to make payments to clients (cash out). The Council can access an on-line externally hosted portal and generate vouchers which can be issued or sent via an email or text messages to customers which they can redeem for cash in any PayPoint outlet in the UK. Benefit, crisis and emergency welfare payments can be issued to customers instantly using this method.

5.7 **Compliance and free from risk.**

PayPoints are fully PCI complaint and insured.

5.8 Refer to Part 2 report for additional information under this section.

Savings to customers and the Council.

Appendix 2(g) attached to the Part 2 report compares the current transaction fees payable by the Council with those payable when customers make a cash or card payment at a PayPoint outlet.

5.9 **Further savings**.

Further saving as identified in the Financial implications will also be achieved as a direct result of the Council closing the cashiers counter service. 2 posts will be deleted however there will be no redundancy risks to staff as these posts are currently vacant and filled by agency staff.

5.10 As the Council will no longer be responsible for cash handling at the Civic Centre, the cash handling fees will be reduced as well as a maintenance fee to support the auto pay kiosks.

5.11 By using PayPoints Cash Out service, this will reduce the cost of providing this facility to our customers as identified under the Financial Implications section in Part 2 report.

6. COMMENTS FROM OTHER DEPARTMENTS

6.1 Financial Implications

See Part 2 report

6.2 Legal Implications

- 6.2.1 Section 111 of the Local Government Act 1972 gives a local authority power to do anything (whether or not involving the expenditure, borrowing or lending of money or the acquisition or disposal of any property or rights) which is calculated to facilitate, or is conducive or incidental to, the discharge of any of its functions. The matters outlined in this report are incidental to the functions of the Council's departments and are intended to help ensure an effective service.
- 6.2.2 The Council also has a general power of competence in section 1(1) of the Localism Act 2011. This states that a local authority has the power to do anything that individuals generally may do provided it is not prohibited by legislation.
- 6.2.3 The Council's Constitution, in particular the Contract Procedure Rules ("CPR's") permit the Council to procure services from an existing legally compliant framework as long as the framework terms permit such and the framework is accessible by the Council.
- 6.2.4 The Council's Corporate Procurement Service should conduct due diligence on the use of the Framework and must be satisfied the Council may procure these services in accordance with the Framework Agreement. The Call Off is to be by Direct Award and must be undertaken strictly in accordance with the terms of the Framework
- 6.2.5 The Council must comply with its obligations relating to obtaining best value under the Local Government (Best Value Principles) Act 1999.

Legal Implications provided by Lynn Shepherd on 9th July 2019 based on a Report circulated on 5th July 2019

6.3 **Procurement Implications**

- 6.3.1 Any procurement must be undertaken in accordance with the Councils Contract Procedure Rules (CPR's) and the Public Contracts Regulations (2015).
- 6.3.2 The award of the contract, including evidence of authority to award, promoting to the Councils Contract Register, and the uploading of executed contracts must be undertaken on the London Tenders Portal including future management of the contract.
- 6.3.3 All awarded projects must be promoted to Contracts Finder to comply with the Government's transparency requirements. Or where procurement did not take place in the LTP, all documentation provided to the P&C Hub to create a contract register.
- 6.3.4 Two frameworks; PFH and G-Cloud have been identified as frameworks that deliver the business requirements. Three contractors are on G-Cloud; which includes PayPoint. The remaining suppliers are service providers of IT systems and do not meet requirements.
- 6.3.5 PayPoint costs were evaluated against the other suppliers and other framework to demonstrate VFM, and provide the largest coverage for ease of use for customers.
- 6.3.6 The P&C Hub will support the service to select the relevant framework, and carryout the procurement in line with the framework rules. Either will be a direct award as both frameworks allow for this.
- 6.3.7 The project and contract register reference is: **DN411723.** As this is a call off from a framework it is vital that the service provide all contracts and final copies of DAR's to the P&C hub to complete the contract registration.

Implications provided by C E Reilly 02/07/19

6.4 ICT IMPLICATIONS

- 6.4.1 Review of all systems that will receive income from PayPoints instead of Cashiers for the following:
 - a. Existing Configuration for Cashiers will work without change for PayPoint
 - b. Amendment of any output to public including data files to reflect PayPoints

- c. Amendment of any print templates to reflect PayPoints and remove cashiers
- 6.4.2 Review of existing interfaces into Cash Receipting and process to receive external files
 - a. Creation of new interface to receive PayPoint files
 - b. Testing that existing interfaces from cash receipting into receiving systems still function after pay points
- 6.4.3 Requirement to output PayPoint compatible 'bar codes' from each system paying at PayPoints
 - a. To check with each supplier if there is a compatible configuration
 - b. If not, to identify product or tool to convert data
 - c. Amend output files to include requirement
 - d. Amend Printing to include
- 6.4.4 Review of IPO to ensure still functions for PayPoints
- 6.4.5 Update of all documentation and service catalogue to incorporate new pay types
- 6.4.6 Decommission Kiosks and Support Contract (Currently Banking Automation but soon to be Cammax).

7. KEY RISKS

- 7.1 Letters still signposting customers to pay via Cashier Counter/Kiosk on closure: There is a risk that on closure of the cashier counter and auto pay kiosks, a payment letter/ notice is issued to a customer that still show these channels as available payment options and will lead to a bad customer experience and potentially a complaint. Mitigation: There is some analysis underway for miscellaneous payments taken at the cashier's counter to identify those letters that signpost customers to pay at the cashier counter and auto pay kiosk so that the appropriate changes are made prior to their closure.
- 7.2 **Communication**: We fail to inform our customers and all relevant stakeholders of the changes and we do not have the support and signposting required to assist our customers with queries which could lead to complaints and ability to accept payments. **Mitigation:** A communication plan is being created and will be signed off. It will set out the objectives and identify all stakeholders that require communication, along with stakeholder interest in the project and key messages being delivered. Councillor endorsement has already been received for this proposal.

- 7.3 **Timescales:** We fail to incorporate changes to billing information in time for when they are prepared and issued in December'19 to our customers (i.e. main Council Tax bills etc) using the Cashiers office and Autopay kiosks informing them of the changes to how payment can be made and detailing their nearest PayPoint location. **Mitigation**: PayPoint have advised they can help support wording on these letters by identifying customers nearest locations to include this information in their billing letter. There is enough time to complete this work and communication is going out early to these services and printing suppliers to ensure they are aware of these changes.
- 7.4 Project delays: An element of delivery of this project is dependent on ICT resource. If appropriate ICT resource is not assigned to this project, this may delay delivery and fail to meet predicted time scales. Mitigation: All ICT elements will be factored into a resource plan, so they are resourced appropriately at the outset. These costs are included in the funding being sought.

8. IMPACT ON COUNCIL PRIORITIES – CREATING A LIFETIME OF OPPORTUNITIES IN ENFIELD

8.1 Good homes in well-connected neighbourhoods

N/A

8.2 **Sustain strong and healthy communities**

N/A

8.3 **Build our local economy to create a thriving place**

The introduction of PayPoint outlets across the Borough will support small businesses in Enfield, increasing footfall in town centres and in small & local retailers.

9. EQUALITIES IMPACT IMPLICATIONS

Local authorities have a responsibility to meet the Public Sector Duty of the Equality Act 2010. The Act gives people the right not to be treated less favourably because of any of the protected characteristics. It is important to consider the needs of the diverse groups with protected characteristics when designing and delivering services or budgets so people can get fairer opportunities and equal access to services.

The Council aims to serve the whole borough fairly, tackle inequality and protect vulnerable people. The Council will promote equality of access and opportunity for those in our communities from the protected characteristic groups or those disadvantage through socio-economic conditions.

A Predictive EQIA has been undertaken on the proposals and it has highlighted no negative impact on residents from the protected characteristic groups. The Payments Programme will run Parallel with existing channels and ensure a phased closure of cashier's counter and kiosks to ensure maximum signposting, communication and support is offered to residents and customers.

10. PERFORMANCE AND DATA IMPLICATIONS

The impact of this change will continue to be assessed by monitoring the transactions and volumes of payments that go through the PayPoints. We will be in a position to assess how this impacts different demographics and the take up between different wards within the borough.

11. HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

N/A

12. HR IMPLICATIONS

The implication of closing the face to face counter payment service is the deletion of two currently posts within the Payment & Revenue service.

There are no employees at risk and, therefore, no associated redundancy costs as both these posts are currently filled by agency workers.

Existing job descriptions should be reviewed to ensure that they reflect that we will no longer be offering a face to face service and incorporate any changes to the task and accountabilities of the team as result of this.

I would advise consultation with the unions as this is a change to the service offered by the LBE Exchequer service.

13. PUBLIC HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

N/A

14. Background Papers

N/A